

# INFORMATION AUSTRALIAN TAX ADVISER

2406: FEBRUARY 2024

The IFX Legal Tax Team

#### **INFORMATION EXCHANGE CORPORATION**

L17, 40 Mount Street, North Sydney NSW, 2060 E: admin@ifx.com T: 61 2 9956 7775 W: www.ifx.com.au

# **ARCHIVE SEARCHING?**

Use your username and password to log onto www.ifx.com.au to search our archives aand retrieve copies.

#### **NEED TO ASK AN ADVISER?**

Go to www.ifx.com.au to connect.

Please call customer support on 1300 360 905 if you have any difficulties.

#### **SUBSCRIBE TO THIS PUBLICATION**

Click here

Can we help? Call 1300 360 905 Email admin@aifx.com.au

## IN THIS ISSUE

SECTION 1 – PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENTS		
DEDUCTIBILITY OF LOSSES ON THE SALE OF REAL ESTATE1		
¶6.1	Court decisions1	
¶6.2	Capital gains and losses1	
¶6.3	The Bowerman case timeline2	
¶6.4	The ATO position3	
¶6.5	The AAT decision4	
THE POST CHRISTMAS HANGOVER - 31 MARCH FBT RETURNS6		
¶6.7	Entertainment6	
¶6.8	Giving gifts8	
SECTION 2 - PROFESSIONAL CURRENCY8		
BILLS AND LEGISLATION8		
¶6.9	Legislation currently before Parliament8	
¶6.10	Superannuation changes	
¶6.11	Other draft legislation10	
¶6.12	Discussion/consultation papers	
¶6.13	2023-24 Mid-Year Economic and Fiscal Outlook (MYEFO)13	
CASES AND DECISIONS14		
¶6.14	Employees and contractors – where are we now? 14	
¶6.15	Tax agent application rejected	
¶6.16	Settlement payment not an ETP20	
¶6.17	Army colonel's position was genuinely redundant21	
¶6.18	Bank deposits assessable	
¶6.19	Unsubstantiated car and other work-related expenses24	
¶6.20	Tax agent registrations terminated26	
APPEALS NEWS28		
¶6.21	Active Sports Management Pty Ltd (R&D)28	
¶6 <b>.</b> 22	HNMF (Scrap gold case)28	

Continued



# INFORMATION AUSTRALIAN TAX ADVISER

2406: FEBRUARY 2024

The IFX Legal Tax Team

#### **INFORMATION EXCHANGE CORPORATION**

L17, 40 Mount Street, North Sydney NSW, 2060 E: admin@ifx.com T: 61 2 9956 7775

W: www.ifx.com.au

#### **ARCHIVE SEARCHING?**

Use your username and password to log onto www.ifx.com.au to search our archives aand retrieve copies.

#### **NEED TO ASK AN ADVISER?**

Go to www.ifx.com.au to connect.

Please call customer support on 1300 360 905 if you have any difficulties.

#### **SUBSCRIBE TO THIS PUBLICATION**

Click here

Can we help? Call 1300 360 905 Email admin@aifx.com.au

#### IN THIS ISSUE

RULINGS AND GUIDELINES29		
¶6.23	Class rulings29	
STATE TAXES30		
New South Wales30		
¶6.24	Departure Prohibition Order against taxpayer owing \$18m upheld30	
¶6.25	NSW payroll tax amendments to target phoenixing activity	
¶6.26	Promoter penalty regime	
¶6.27	Stamp duty33	
¶6.28	Land tax	
¶6.29	Land tax surcharge34	
Victoria	34	
¶6.30	Property not exempt from land tax because not used for primary production 34	
¶6.31	Stamp duty36	
South Australia36		
¶6.32	Payroll tax36	
Western Australia38		
¶6.33	Sale of historic WA property a taxable supply38	
SECTION 3 – QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS40		
¶6.34	Potential tax implications upon listing of an Australian company40	
¶6.35	Property subdivision and sale42	
¶6.36	SMSF purchasing motel off the plan then letting43	
¶6.37	ATO penalties after DOCA44	
¶6.38	Confirmation of SMSF withdrawal and re-contribution strategy46	
¶6.39	Distribution of unrealised capital loss in a family discretionary trust47	
¶6.40	Sale of land as an out-of-scope supply49	
¶6.41	Small business pooling50	
¶6.42	Research and development expense51	
¶6.43	Unincorporated association revenue and expenses52	
¶6.44	Stamp duty deduction in ACT	

#### SECTION 1 - PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENTS

#### DEDUCTIBILITY OF LOSSES ON THE SALE OF REAL ESTATE

Practitioners and commentators alike would be forgiven for thinking that arguments about the tax treatment of gains and losses arising from selling real estate would be redundant after the introduction of the capital gains tax on 20 September 1985. Sadly, that has not been the case, as there are tax benefits to be gained from treating proceeds of real property sales on capital rather than revenue account.<sup>1</sup>

### ¶6.1 Court decisions

Recently, court decisions about the taxation of gains on the sale of real estate have largely gone against the taxpayer, but the recent AAT decision in <u>Bowerman and FCT</u> was decided in the taxpayer's favour (albeit about losses rather than gains). The case considered the capital/revenue nature of a capital loss arising from the sale of residential property.

In particular, the case considered the nature of the loss that arose when a taxpayer sold a residence in which she had resided. On the face of it, one would have thought that the loss would have been disallowed anyway (under either para 8-1(2)(a) (a loss or outgoing of capital or of a capital nature) or para 8(2)(b) (a loss or outgoing of a private or domestic nature)).

The issue was raised relying on the decision of the Full Federal Court in <u>Greig v FCT</u> in 2020. In Greig's case, the Full Court considered whether legal fees and share losses incurred by the taxpayer arising from the compulsory transfer and cancellation of his shares were deductible. The Court found that Greig was indeed entitled to a deduction for both the loss he had incurred on the cancelation of his shares and the legal expenses he had incurred. The court left open the question of whether the ATO should reassess the taxpayer's other gains or losses from share trading.

### ¶6.2 Capital gains and losses

Whether a profit or loss arising from the disposal of an asset is a capital gain or capital loss will depend on the circumstances surrounding both the acquisition and the disposal of that asset. Specifically, was the disposal a mere realisation of a capital asset? If it was, the proceeds will be of a capital nature, and any loss made would be disallowed under s 8-1(2)(a). If it was not, then the gain would be assessable as ordinary income under s 6-5, and the loss likely deductible under s 8-1.<sup>2</sup>

More specifically, a loss arising on the sale of an asset will be deductible if that asset is:

The two most obvious examples are the 50% CGT discount for individuals and the CGT Small Business Entity concessions.

I say 'likely' because the rules about deductibility of a loss are not the same as those for accessing a gain.